Gluing derived equivalences together with bimodules

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Abstract

We fix a commutative ring k and a small category I with I_0 (resp. I_1) the class of objects (resp. morphisms). Consider the bicategory k-Cat^b of all small k-categories whose 1-morphisms are the bimodules over them and whose 2-morphisms are the bimodule morphisms (more precisely 1-morphisms from \mathcal{C} to \mathcal{D} are the \mathcal{D} - \mathcal{C} -bimodules ${}_{\mathcal{D}}M_{\mathcal{C}}$ and the composite $\mathcal{C} \to \mathcal{D} \to \mathcal{E}$ is given by the tensor product over \mathcal{D}). We define (a generalized version of) the Grothendieck construction Gr(X) of a lax functor $X: I \to \Bbbk$ -Cat^b, which enables us to construct new k-categories by tying k-categories X(i) $(i \in I_0)$ together with bimodules X(a) $(a \in I_1)$. In particular, this construction can present a triangular matrix algebra, or more generally the tensor algebra of a kspecies. For a lax functor $X: I \to \Bbbk$ -Cat^b, we define its "module category" Mod X and its "derived module category" $\mathcal{D}(\operatorname{Mod} X)$, both of which are again lax functors from I. We also define a notion of derived equivalences between lax functors $I \to \Bbbk$ -Cat^b. When k is a field, we can construct a derived equivalence between the Grothendieck constructions Gr(X) and Gr(X') of lax functors $X, X' : I \to \Bbbk$ -Cat^b by gluing derived equivalences between X(i) and X'(i) $(i \in I_0)$ together with bimodules X(a) and X'(a) $(a \in I_1)$ if X and X' are derived equivalent.